

Figure: 1 TAC §91.37(e)

Texas Register Formatting for Emergency Rules

Code	Meaning
<p>	To indicate a paragraph <i>(insert before each paragraph in the preamble)</i>
<new>	To indicate a new section <i>(insert before the section number of each proposed new section)</i>
<etb>	To indicate new language in a proposed amendment* <i>(insert before the first new word)</i>
<eti>	To indicate italicized text Examples: titles of books, court cases, referencing the <i>Texas Register</i> <i>(insert before the first word)</i>
<et>	To return to regular type face <i>(insert after new language or italicized text)</i>
[]	To indicate old or obsolete language* <i>(insert old or obsolete language between the square brackets)</i>
<sup>	For superscripted numbers <i>(insert before the number)</i>
</sup>	To return to normal type <i>(insert after the number)</i>
<sub>	For subscripted numbers <i>(insert before the number)</i>
</sub>	To return to normal type <i>(insert after the number)</i>
<*>	To indicate a section symbol (§) <i>(insert in place of the section symbol)</i>
*n	To indicate separation of multiple documents in a single file <i>(insert between each document)</i>
*You must include the entire word in the coding for new and old language. You can not code only part of the word.	

